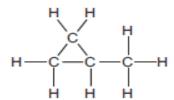
## Organic Chemistry MCQS

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How many of the molecules shown belong to the homologous series of alkanes?

C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub> C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>

The diagram shows the structural formula of an organic compound.



- 2 Which statement about this compound is correct?
  - It is a saturated hydrocarbon.
  - It is an alkene.
  - It is an isomer of butane.
  - It will undergo addition with hydrogen.
  - 3 Which statement about vegetable oil and the margarine made from it is correct?
    - A Both are liquids at room temperature.
    - B Both occur naturally.
    - C Margarine has the higher melting point.
    - D Vegetable oil has fewer carbon-carbon double bonds than margarine.
  - Which group is found in alcohols?
  - An ester is formed from a carboxylic acid and an alcohol. How does the number of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen atoms in an ester differ from the total number of these atoms in the carboxylic acid and alcohol from which the ester is formed?

	carbon atoms	hydrogen atoms	oxygen atoms
Α	fewer	fewer	fewer
В	fewer	same	fewer
C	same	fewer	fewer
D	same	same	same

- 6. Which statement about the composition of polymers is correct?
  - A Nylon contains oxygen atoms but not nitrogen atoms.
  - B Proteins contain both nitrogen atoms and oxygen atoms.
  - C Terylene contains nitrogen atoms.
  - D The polymer used to make clingfilm contains oxygen atoms.



## Compiled by Mustafa Asif

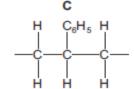
Poly(styrene) is an addition polymer.

The partial structure of poly(styrene) is shown.

What is the formula of the monomer from which poly(styrene) is made?









8

- Which statement about the homologous series of alkanes is correct?
  - A Alkanes are unsaturated hydrocarbons.
  - B Alkanes all have the general formula C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n</sub>.
  - C The boiling points decrease as the number of carbon atoms per molecule increases.
  - The liquid alkanes become more viscous as the mass of the molecules increases.

9

- Which compound has the empirical formula with the greatest relative formula mass?
  - A C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

10

- Which statement about vegetable oil and the margarine made from it is correct?
  - A Both are liquids at room temperature.
  - B Both occur naturally.
  - C Margarine has the higher melting point.
  - D Vegetable oil has fewer carbon-carbon double bonds than margarine.

11

When ethene reacts with steam to form ethanol, which type of reaction takes place?

- addition
- B fermentation
- polymerisation
- reduction

## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

12

An ester is formed from a carboxylic acid and an alcohol.

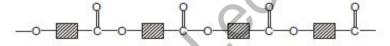
How does the number of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen atoms in an ester differ from the total number of these atoms in the carboxylic acid and alcohol from which the ester is formed?

	carbon atoms	hydrogen atoms	oxygen atoms
Α	fewer	fewer	fewer
В	fewer	same	fewer
С	same	fewer	fewer
D	same	same	same

Poly(lactic) acid is a polymer used to make biodegradable cups

13

The partial structure of poly(lactic) acid is shown.



Which statements apply to poly(lactic) acid?

- 1 It is made by addition polymerisation.
- 2 It is made by condensation polymerisation.
- It is a polyester.
- The monomer used to make it is ethene.

A 1 and 3

1 and 4

C 2 and 3

D 2 and 4

Two large molecules, P and Q, both contain the same linkage.

P occurs naturally but Q does not.

14 Which row could be P and Q?

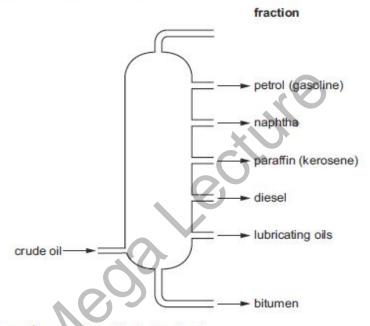
	P	Q
Α	fat	nylon
В	fat	Terylene
С	nylon	protein
D	protein	Terylene



Organic Chemistry MCQS

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15 The diagram shows the fractionation of petroleum (crude oil).



16 Which row shows the correct use for the fraction?

	fraction	use
Α	bitumen	as a lubricant
В	diesel	for aircraft engines
C	naphtha	making road surfaces
D	paraffin (kerosene)	fuel for heating and cooking

Which compound is a constituent of petroleum (crude oil)?

A C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH

B CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H

C C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>

D C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

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17. Which formula represents an alkane?

A C31H33

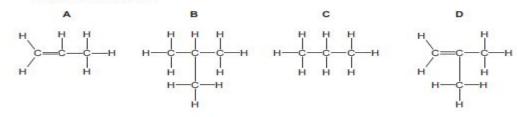
C C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>62</sub>

D C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>64</sub>

Z is a compound that:

- can be formed, as the only other product, when the alkane C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub> is cracked to produce butane
- decolourises bromine water
- has a branched chain structure.

18. What is the formula of Z?



A carboxylic acid of molecular formula C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>2</sub> reacts with an alcohol of molecular formula C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O to form an ester.

What could be the formula of the ester formed?

19.

20. Some properties of compound J are listed.

- It reacts with potassium carbonate to produce carbon dioxide.
- It reacts with ethanol to produce a sweet-smelling liquid.
- It reacts with sodium hydroxide to produce a salt.

What is a possible identity of J?

- A ethanoic acid
- B ethanol
- C ethyl ethanoate
- D ethyl methanoate

Organic Chemistry MCQS

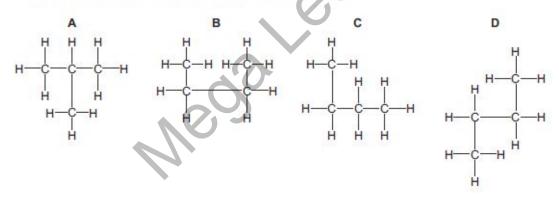
### Compiled by Mustafa Asif

Which partial structure represents nylon?

21.



22 Which diagram shows a branched-chain isomer of butane?



23 A straight-chain alkene, C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>, undergoes an addition reaction with bromine.

What is the possible structure of the product?

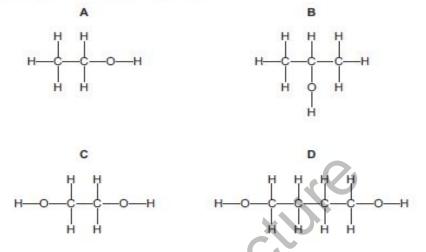
- A CH<sub>3</sub>CHBrCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br
- B CH₃CHBrCHBrCH₃
- C CH<sub>2</sub>BrCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br
- D CH3CH2CH2CH2Br

Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Mustafa Asif

24 The diagram shows the structure of oxalic acid.

Which alcohol is oxidised to form oxalic acid?



- 25 Some properties of compound J are listed.
  - It reacts with potassium carbonate to produce carbon dioxide.
  - It reacts with ethanol to produce a sweet-smelling liquid.
  - It reacts with sodium hydroxide to produce a salt.

What is a possible identity of J?

- A ethanoic acid
- ethanol
- C ethyl ethanoate
- ethyl methanoate
- 26 The diagram shows the formula of nylon.

From which compounds could nylon be made?

- A HO<sub>2</sub>C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H and H<sub>2</sub>N-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>
- B HO<sub>2</sub>C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H and H<sub>2</sub>N-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>
- C HO<sub>2</sub>C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H and H<sub>2</sub>N-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>
- D HO<sub>2</sub>C-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>6</sub>-CO<sub>2</sub>H and H<sub>2</sub>N-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub>





## Organic Chemistry MCQS

### Compiled by Mustafa Asif

27 Octane, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>, is a hydrocarbon that undergoes combustion in a petrol engine.

...
$$W$$
... $C_8H_{18} + ...X$ ... $O_2 \rightarrow ...Y$ ... $CO_2 + ...Z$ ... $H_2O$ 

Which row shows the figures needed to balance the equation?

	W	X	Y	Z
Α	1	8	8	9
В	1	17	8	9
С	2	16	8	9
D	2	25	16	18

- 28 Compounds S and T both contain two elements only. The compounds have the following properties.
  - They both burn in air to form carbon dioxide and water only.
  - They both react with chlorine by substitution.
  - S has a higher boiling point than T.

What could compounds S and T be?

	S	Т		
Α	ethane	propane		
В	ethene	propene		
С	propane	ethane		
D	propene	ethene		





## Organic Chemistry MCQS

### Compiled by Mustafa Asif

29 Which row correctly describes alkenes?

	general formula	result when shaken with aqueous bromine
Α	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n+2</sub>	no change
В	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n+2</sub>	the aqueous bromine is decolourised
С	$C_nH_{2n}$	no change
D	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n</sub>	the aqueous bromine is decolourised

30 The table contains statements about processes by which ethanol is produced on a large scale from ethene and from glucose.

	from ethene	from glucose
1	reaction is faster at 300 °C than at 200 °C	reaction is faster at 100 °C than at 30 °C
2	produces pure ethanol	produces a dilute aqueous solution of ethanol
3	uses a catalyst	uses a catalyst
4	uses steam	produces carbon dioxide

Which rows are correct?

- A 1, 2 and 3
  - B 1 and 4
- C 2, 3 and 4
- D 2 and 3 only

31 The structure of an ester is shown.

What is the name of this ester?

- A ethyl propanoate
- B methyl propanoate
- C propyl ethanoate
- D propyl methanoate



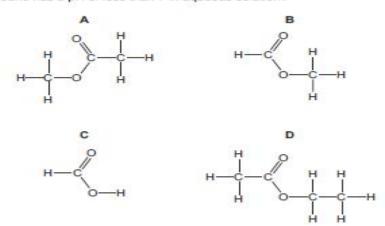
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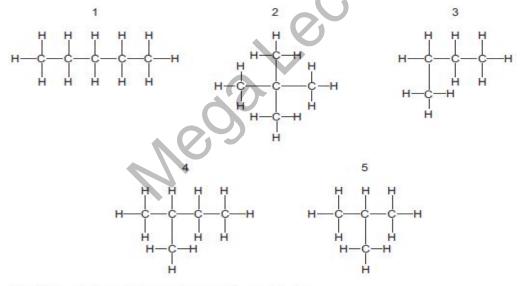
## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

32 Which compound has a pH of less than 7 in aqueous solution?



- 33 When the alcohol of molecular formula C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O is oxidised, what is the molecular formula of the acid formed?
  - A C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- B C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- C C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- D C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O
- 34 The diagrams show the structures of five hydrocarbons.



Which three hydrocarbons are isomers of each other?

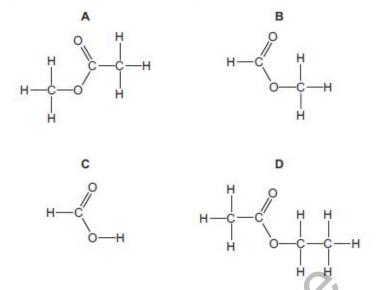
- A 1 2 and 4
- B 2, 3 and 5
- C 2, 3 and 4
- D 3.4 and 5
- 35 Which alcohol and acid will react together to make the ester CH₃COOC₂H₅?
  - A CH₃OH and CH₃COOH
  - B CH<sub>3</sub>OH and C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>COOH
  - C C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH and CH<sub>3</sub>COOH
  - D C₂H₅OH and C₂H₅COOH



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

36 Which compound has a pH of less than 7 in aqueous solution?



- 37 Which statement about polymers is correct?
  - A Nylon and Terylene are produced by addition polymerisation.
  - B Nylon and Terylene both contain the amide linkage.
  - C Simple sugars can be produced by hydrolysing proteins.
  - D Starch contains the elements carbon, hydrogen and oxygen.
- 38 An ester is produced by reacting together the carboxylic acid HCO<sub>2</sub>H and the alcohol CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH.

What is the name and structure of this ester?

	name	structure
Α	methyl propanoate	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
В	methyl propanoate	HCO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
С	propyl methanoate	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
D	propyl methanoate	HCO₂CH₂CH₂CH₃



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## Organic Chemistry MCQS

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39 The repeat unit of a polymer is shown.



Which monomer would produce this polymer?









- 40 Each of compounds W, X, Y and Z is either an unbranched alkane or an unbranched alkene.
  - W C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>18</sub>
  - X C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>20</sub>
  - Y C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>20</sub>
  - Z C10H22

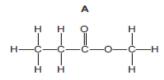
Which two compounds undergo an addition reaction with bromine?

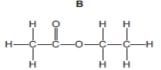
- B W and Z
- C X and Y
- 41 One mole of each alkane undergoes complete combustion.

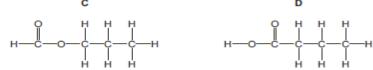
Which alkane will produce seven moles of products?

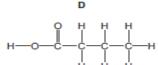
- C C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub> D C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
- 42 Which statement about macromolecules is correct?
  - A Nylon and Terylene are both polyesters.
  - B Proteins and nylon have the same monomer units.
  - C Proteins have the same amide linkages as nylon.
  - D Terylene and fats are esters but with different linkages.
- 43 An organic compound, X, has a molecular formula C4H8O2 and turns damp, blue litmus paper red.

What is the structure of X?









- 44 Which polymer contains only three different elements?
  - A protein
  - B poly(ethene)
  - C poly(propene)
  - D starch

## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

45	One mole of	each	alkane	undergoes	complete	combustion.
----	-------------	------	--------	-----------	----------	-------------

43	On	e mole of eac	cn aikan	ie undergoe	es comple	ete combusi	uon.		
	Wh	ich alkane w	ill produ	ice seven m	noles of p	roducts?			
	Α	CH₄	В	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	C	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	D	C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub>	
46	Eth	anoic acid is	formed	when etha	nol is rea	cted with a	cidified po	otassium ma	nganate(VII)
	Wh	at is the nam	ne of this	s process?					
	Α	combustion	i						
	В	condensation	on						
	C	oxidation							
	D	polymerisat	ion						
47	The	e structure of	compo	und X is sho	own.				
				(	CH₃–CH₂	-CH <sub>2</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -	-ОН	3	
	Wh	ich statemen	nt is not	correct?					
	Α	X is an alco	hol bec	ause it cont	ains an -	OH group.			
	В	X is an ison	ner of pr	ropanol.		00			
	C	X would but	m in air	to form carl	bon dioxi	de and wate	er.		
	D	X would have	ve a hig	her boiling p	point that	ethanol.			
40	40		3043 <b>- 1</b> 243						
48		er which conv			oduct cor	ntain more o	carbon at	oms than the	e reactant?
	Α	ethanol to e	2800 E 2 A						
	В	ethanol to e		anoate					
	C	ethene to e		*					
	D	ethene to e	thanol						



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

### Compiled by Murtafa Arif

- 49 Molecules 1-4 are unbranched hydrocarbons.
  - 1 C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>22</sub>
  - 2 C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>20</sub>
  - 3 C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>20</sub>
  - 4 C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>16</sub>

Which row correctly identifies these hydrocarbons as alkanes or alkenes?

	alkane	alkene
Α	1 and 2	3 and 4
В	1 and 3	2 and 4
С	1 and 4	2 and 3
D	2 and 3	1 and 4

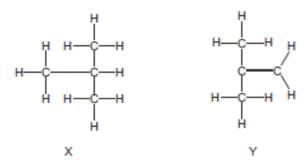
- 50 Which polymer contains only three different elements?
  - A protein
  - B poly(ethene)
  - C poly(propene)
  - D starch
- 51 Which statement about macromolecules is correct?
  - A Nylon and Terylene are both polyesters.
  - B Proteins and nylon have the same monomer units.
  - C Proteins have the same amide linkages as nylon.
  - D Terylene and fats are esters but with different linkages.



## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

v

52 The diagram shows the structures of two hydrocarbons, X and Y.

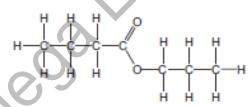


Two students make the following statements.

- Student 1 Hydrocarbon X is an isomer of Y.
- Student 2 Hydrocarbon X is unsaturated but Y is saturated.

Which students are correct?

- A both 1 and 2
- B 1 only
- C 2 only
- D neither 1 nor 2
- 53 The diagram shows the structure of an ester.



What is the name of this ester?

- A butyl butanoate
- B butyl propanoate
- C propyl butanoate
- D propyl propanoate
- 54 An unsaturated hydrocarbon with six carbon atoms contains only three C=C double bonds. This hydrocarbon is reacted with excess hydrogen at a high temperature.

What is the formula of the resulting hydrocarbon?

- A C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
- B C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
- C C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>14</sub>
- D C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>16</sub>





## Organic Chemistry MCQS

### Compiled by Mustafa Asif

### 55 Compound Q has the formula C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>.

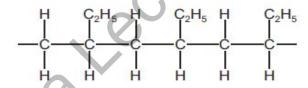
Which statement about compound Q is correct?

- A It undergoes addition reactions with chlorine.
- B It has a lower boiling point than methane.
- C It has the same general formula as methane.
- D There are four C-C bonds in the molecule.

### 56 Hydrolysis of R, a macromolecule, gives a mixture of amino acids.

What is R?

- A a fat
- B a nylon
- C a polyester
- D a protein
- 57 The diagram shows a section of a polymer.



Which alkene is used to make this polymer?

- A CH<sub>3</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>
- B CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub>
- C CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH=CHCH<sub>3</sub>
- D CH<sub>3</sub>CH=CHCH<sub>3</sub>





## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Mustafa Asif

58 The table shows some atmospheric pollutants and their possible effects.

Which row is not correct?

	pollutant	effect	
А	CFCs	cause depletion of the ozone layer	
В	CO <sub>2</sub>	forms photochemical smog	
С	co	is poisonous to humans	
D	NO <sub>2</sub>	forms acid rain	

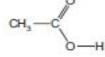
- 59 Which compound is the most viscous and the least flammable?
  - A CeH14

- B C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub> C C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>22</sub> D C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>28</sub>
- 60 How many moles of ethanoic acid, CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H, react with one mole of magnesium?
- B 2

- 61 With which substance will ethene react to form more than one product?
  - A argon
  - B hydrogen
  - C oxygen
  - D steam
- 62 Which statement about isomers of a compound is always correct?
  - A They have different empirical formulae.
  - B They have different relative molecular masses.
  - C They have only carbon and hydrogen in their molecules.
  - D They have the same molecular formula.
- 63 How many of the structures show an unsaturated hydrocarbon molecule?



$$CH_3$$
— $CH_2$ — $CH_2$ — $CH_3$   $CH_3$ — $CH$ = $CH_2$ 



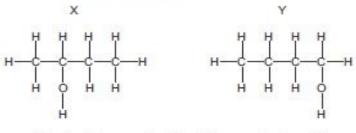
- 64 Which type of polymer is made by reacting amino acids together?
  - an addition polymer
  - В a carbohydrate
  - C a polyamide
  - D a polyester



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

- 65 Which statements about alcohols are correct?
  - All alcohols contain the hydroxide ion, OHT.
  - 2 Ethanol can be formed from ethene using a reaction catalysed by yeast.
  - 3 Methanol can be oxidised to methanoic acid.
  - 4 The alcohols X and Y shown are isomers.



- A 1 and 2
- B 1 and 3
- C 2 and 4
- D 3 and 4
- 66 Amino acids are essential building blocks in the human body. Macromolecules in food are hydrolysed to form amino acids.

Which macromolecules provide the body with amino acids?

- A carbohydrates
- B fats
- C proteins
- D sugars
- 67 Ethanol, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>e</sub>O, was reacted with propagoic acid, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>e</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, in the presence of concentrated sulfuric acid.

Which statement about the organic product of this reaction is correct?

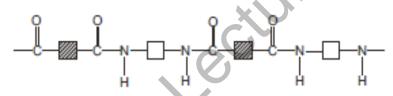
- A It has the formula C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>80</sub>O<sub>2</sub>
- B It has the formula C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.
- C It is formed by an addition reaction.
- D It is propyl ethanoate.
- 68 How can alkenes be manufactured?
  - A by polymerisation reactions
  - B by the addition of hydrogen to unsaturated vegetable oils
  - C by the combustion of alkanes
  - D by the cracking of hydrocarbons



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

### Compiled by Mustafa Asif

- 69 Which statement about alkanes is correct?
  - A Ethane reacts with chlorine in an addition reaction.
  - B Propane has a higher boiling point than butane.
  - C The molecule of the alkane that contains 99 carbon atoms has 200 hydrogen atoms.
  - D There are three isomers with the formula C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>.
- 70 Which statement about ethanoic acid is correct?
  - A Ethanoic acid can be made by the catalysed addition of steam to ethene.
  - B Propanoic acid can react with ethanoic acid to produce an ester.
  - C Solutions of 1.0mol/dm³ ethanoic acid and 1.0 mol/dm³ hydrochloric acid will react with magnesium at equal rates.
  - D The formula of ethanoic acid is CH<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H.
- 71 Polymer Z has the structure shown.



These four terms can be used to describe polymers.

- 1 addition polymer
- 2 condensation polymer
- 3 polyamide
- 4 polyester

Which two terms can be applied to polymer Z?

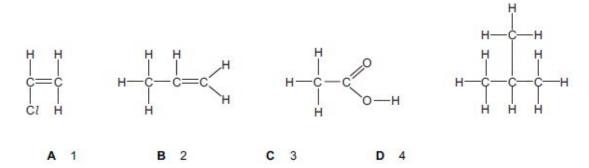
- A 1 and 3 B 1 and 4
- C 2 and 3
- D 2 and 4



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Mustafa Asif

72 How many of the structures show an unsaturated hydrocarbon molecule?



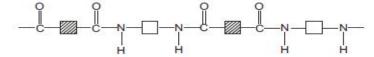
- 73 Which statements are correct for alkenes but not for alkanes?
  - 1 They turn aqueous bromine from brown to colourless.
  - 2 Their general formula is C<sub>n</sub>H<sub>2n</sub>.
  - They burn in air to form carbon dioxide and water.
  - A 1, 2 and 3
- B 1 and 2 only C 1 and 3 only D 2 and 3 only
- 74 Wine is an alcoholic drink that contains ethanol. If wine is left exposed to the air for too long, it can become acidic.

This is because the ethanol is .....1..... to the acid ...

Which word and formula correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
Α	oxidised	СН₃СООН
В	oxidised	CH₃CH₂COOH
С	reduced	СН₃СООН
D	reduced	CH₃CH₂COOH

75 Polymer Z has the structure shown.



These four terms can be used to describe polymers.

- 1 addition polymer
- 2 condensation polymer
- polyamide
- 4 polyester

Which two terms can be applied to polymer Z?

- A 1 and 3
- B 1 and 4
- C 2 and 3
- D 2 and 4



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

## Compiled by Murtafa Arif

76 The diagram shows the structure of poly(dichloroethene).

Which statement about this polymer is correct?

- A The monomer is C
- C The polymer is formed by a condensation reaction
- D The polymer has a lower melting point than the monomer.
- 77 How can the following reaction be described?

$$C_8H_{18} \rightarrow C_4H_{10} + 2C_2H_4$$

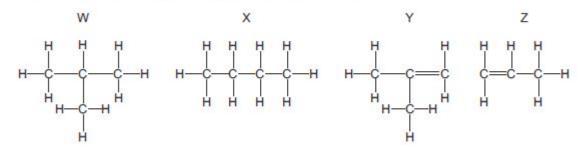
- A combustion
- B cracking
- C oxidation
- **D** reduction

Organic Chemistry MCQS

## On an illed bar March 1 1 1 1

## Compiled by Mustafa Asif

78 The structures of four hydrocarbons, W, X, Y and Z, are shown.



### Which row is correct?

	isomers of each other	decolourise bromine	branched structures
Α	W and X	Y and Z	W and Y
В	W and X	Y and Z	X and Z
С	Y and Z	W and Y	X and Z
D	Y and Z	W and Z	W and Y



## Organic Chemistry MCQS

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### Marking Key

			ē ,
1.C	24.C	47.B	70.D
2.A	25.A	48.B	71.C
3.C	26.C	49.B	72.A
4.D	27.D	50.D	73.B
5.C	28.C	51.C	74.A
6.B	29.D	52.D	75.C
7.B	30.C	53.C	76.A
8.D	31.D	54.C	77.B
9.B	32A	55.C	78.A
10.C	33.C	56.D	
11.A	34.A	57.B	
12.C	35.C	58. <b>B</b>	
13.C	36.C	59.D	
14.A	37.D	60.B	200
15.D	38.D	61.C	03
16.C	39.A	62.D	
17.D	40.A	63.A	
18.D	41.C	64.C	
19.B	42.C	65.D	
20.A	43.D	66.C	
21.C	44.D	67.A	
22.A	45.C	68.D	
23.B	46.C	69.C	

