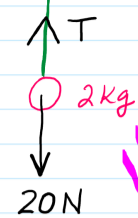


Application of Newton's Laws

Q: The diagram below shows an object of mass 2kg attached to a string. Assume $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$



(i) Mark the forces on the diagram

(ii) What is Tension

Tension is the name given to a force which is experienced by a rope/string/chain/thread etc.

(iii) How to mark the direction of Tension

Tension is always directed AWAY from the concerned object.

• Cal T if object is at rest?

REST = EQ = forces balance

$T = 20 \text{ N}$

• Cal T if object moves at constant velocity?

const v/c = zero acc \therefore resultant force zero hence forces balanced \therefore

$T = 20 \text{ N}$

• Cal T if object accelerates upwards at 2 m/s^2

upward acc implies that the upward force > downward force \therefore

$F = ma$

$T - 20 = (2)(2)$

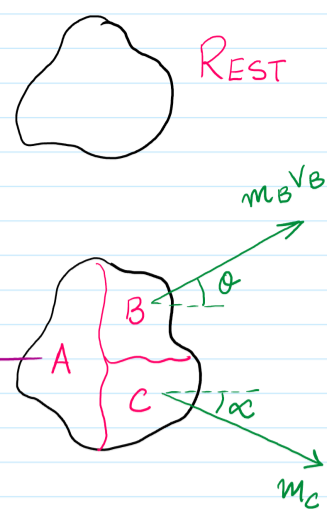
$T = 24 \text{ N}$

• Cal T if object accelerates downwards at 5 m/s^2

downward acc indicates that downward force > upward force

$F = ma$

$20 - T = (2)(5) \therefore T = 10 \text{ N}$



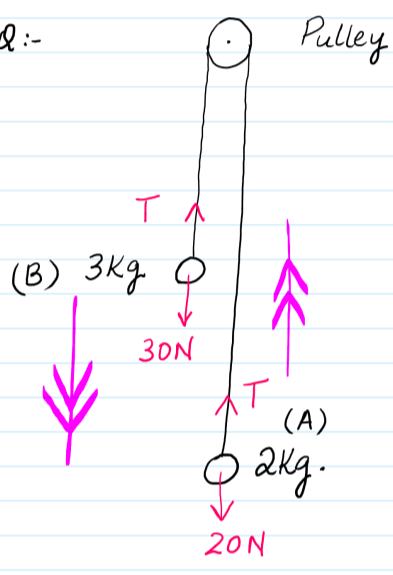
horizontal plane
+ \rightarrow

$0 = m_B v_B \cos \theta + m_C v_C \cos \alpha + m_A (-v_A)$

Vertical plane
+ \uparrow

$0 = (m_B)(v_B \sin \theta) + (m_C)(-v_C \sin \alpha)$

Q:- Pulley



(i) Mark Tension & weight.

(ii) The system is released from REST from the position shown

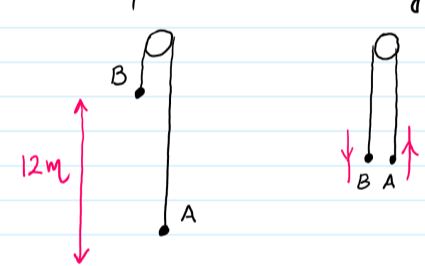
(a) Find 'a' & 'T'

(B) $F = ma$
 $30 - T = 3a$

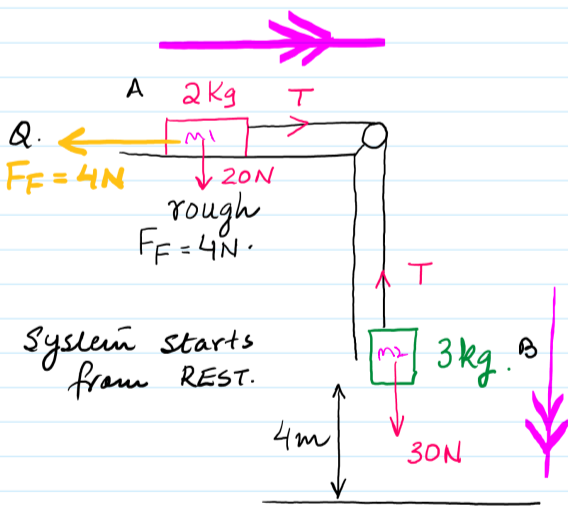
(A) $F = ma$
 $T - 20 = 2a$

$a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $T = 24 \text{ N}$

(iii) Given that initially A and B are separated by 12m. Cal their speed when they cross each other



$u = 0$
 $v = ?$
 $a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $s = 6 \text{ m}$
 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$
 $v = 4.9 \text{ m/s}$



$a = \frac{m_2 g - F}{m_2 + m_1}$

(i) Cal Tension & the acceleration

for B $F = ma$
 $30 - T = 3a$

for A $F = ma$
 $T - 4 = 2a$

$26 = 5a$
 $a = 5.2 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $T = 14.4 \text{ N}$

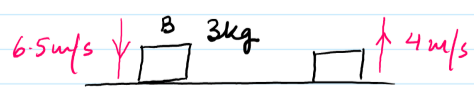
(ii) Cal the speed with which B hits the ground?

$u = 0$ $v = ??$ $a = 5.2$ $s = 4 \text{ m}$
 $v^2 = 0 + 2(5.2)(4)$
 $v = 6.5 \text{ m/s}$

stance

(iii) Given that B rebounds back from the ground with 4m/s.

Cal the Impulse while it was in contact with the ground?



Impulse = $\Delta p = F \times t$

+ $\uparrow \Delta p = p_f - p_i$

$\Delta p = (3)(4) - (3)(-6.5)$

$\Delta p = 31.5 \text{ Ns}$