

**MEGA LECTURE**

**TOPIC 17 TEST**

1. (a) (i) propyl methanoate (1)

*not propanyl*

- A wrong reagent or no reagent scores zero
- An incomplete reagent such as silver nitrate for Tollens, or potassium dichromate loses the reagent mark, but can get both observation marks
- penalise observations which just say colour change occurs or only state starting colour

(ii) Reagent: NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1)

Observation with **C**: no reaction (1)

Observation with **D**: effervescence (1)

for **C** and **D** NOT Tollens

Test	an identified (hydrogen) carbonate	acidified K <sub>2</sub> Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	acidified KMnO <sub>4</sub>	correct metal	UI or stated indicator	PCl <sub>5</sub>
Observation with C	no reaction	goes green	goes colourless	no reaction	no change	no reaction
observation with D	bubbles or CO <sub>2</sub>	no change	no change	bubbles or H <sub>2</sub>	red or correct colour pH 3 – 6.9	(misty) fumes

4

[4]

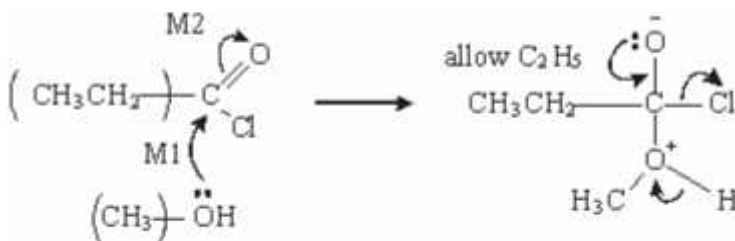
→

2. (a) CH<sub>3</sub>OH + CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOH → CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COOCH<sub>3</sub> + H<sub>2</sub>O

1

(b) (nucleophilic) addition-elimination NOT acylation

1



*ignore use of Cl to remove H<sup>+</sup>*

M3 for structure

1

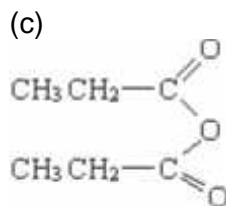


*M4 for 3 arrows and lone pair*

4

2


**MEGA LECTURE**



allow  $C_2H_5$  and  $-CO_2-$   
 allow  $CH_3CH_2COOCOCH_2CH_3$   
 or  $(CH_3CH_2CO)_2O$

1

(d) (i) faster/not reversible/bigger yield/purer product/no(acid) (catalyst) required

1

(ii) anhydride less easily hydrolysed or reaction less violent/exothermic  
 no (corrosive) (HCl) fumes formed or safer or less toxic/dangerous  
 expense of acid chloride or anhydride cheaper  
*any one*

1

[9]

3. X is  $CH_3CH_2COOH$  or propanoic acid

1

Y is  $CH_3CH(OH)CH_3$  or propan-2-ol

1

if both name and formula given, both must be correct, but allow propanol with correct formula

**Mark the type of reaction and reagent/condition independently.  
 The reagent must be correct or close to score condition**

Step 1 Oxidation

$K_2Cr_2O_7/H^+$  or other oxidation methods as above  
 allow  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}/H^+$  if penalised above (ecf)  
 reflux (not Tollens/Fehlings) or heat or warm

1

Step 2	reduction or nucleophilic addition	reduction or nucleophilic addition	reduction or hydrogenation	1
	$NaBH_4$	$LiAlH_4$	$H_2$	1



in (m)ethanol or water or  
ether  
or dry

ether or dry

Ni / Pt etc

1

**MEGA LECTURE**

Step 3 esterification or (nucleophilic) addition-elimination or condensation

1

(conc)  $H_2SO_4$  or HCl

1

warm (allow without acid reagent if X and Y given as reagents)

1

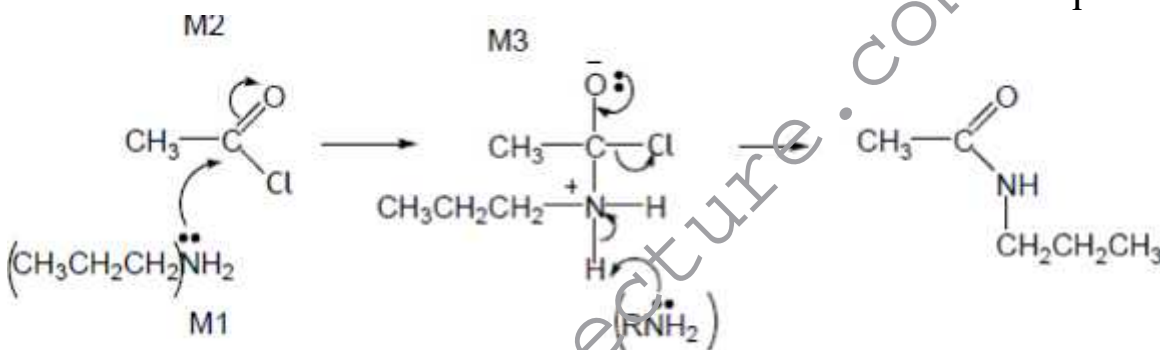
or reflux or heat

1

[10]

4. (a) (nucleophilic) addition-elimination

1



M4 for 3 arrows and lp

Allow wrong amine in M1 but penalise in M3

Allow  $C_3H_7$  in M3

Minus sign on  $NH_3$  loses M1 (but not M4 if  $NH_3$  also shown here)

- Allow attack by:  $NH_2CH_2CH_2CH_3$
- M2 not allowed independent of M1, but allow M1 for correct attack on  $C^+$
- + rather than + on  $C=O$  loses M2
- If Cl lost with  $C=O$  breaking, max 1 for M1
- M3 for correct structure with charges but lone pair on O is part of M4
- 3 arrows in M4 can be shown in two separate steps.
- If M3 drawn twice, mark first answer eg ignore missing + if missed off second structure
- Only allow M4 after correct / very close M3
- For M4, ignore  $RNH_2$  removing  $H^+$  but lose



*M4 for Cl- removing H- in mechanism,  
• but ignore HCl shown as a product.*

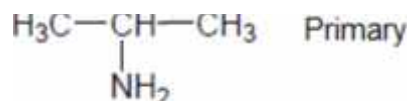
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N-propylethanamide must be this name even if wrong amine used

*NOT N-propylethaneamide*

1

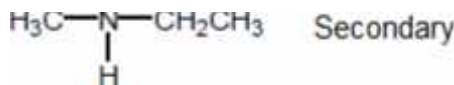
(b) (i)



Not allow ambiguous  $\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NH}_2$

BEWARE No mark for the original amine  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2$

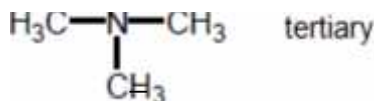
*Label and structure must both be correct for each type to score the mark.*



1

Allow  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5$

*Penalize wrong number of carbons but otherwise correct, first time only.*



1

1

(ii) Absorption at 3300 3500 ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) in spectrum

*Allow trough, peak, spike.*

*Ignore absorption at 750 1100 for C-C bond in secondary - this is within fingerprint region.*

*Allow any number in this range.*

*If range missing, no further marks.*

*If range linked to tertiary, no further marks.*

1

N-H (bond) (only) present in secondary amine or not present in tertiary amine

**OR**

This peak or N-H absorption (only) present in spectrum of secondary amine or not present in spectrum of tertiary amine

6



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- (c) (i) M1 Route **A**: stage 1 KCN  
*Apply list principle for extra reagents or catalysts*  
*NOT HCN NOT KCN / acid Not KCN / HCN* 1
- M2 Aqueous or ethanolic  
*M2 only scores after correct M1*  
*ignore warm; acid here loses M1 & M2* 1
- M3 Route **A** Intermediate  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CN}$  or propanenitrile  
*If M3 intermediate wrong, max 2 for M1 & M2 ie no mark for stage 2*
- Name alone must be exactly correct to gain M1 but mark on if name close  
*But if M3 intermediate close, eg "nitrile" or wrong nitrile, can award marks in stage 2*
- correct formula gains M1 (ignore name if close)  
*If stage 1 correct and intermediate is missing, can award marks in stage 2*
- contradiction of name and formula loses mark  
*stage 1 wrong & intermediate missing, no marks.* 1
- M4 Route **A**: stage 2  $\text{H}_2$   
 H loses M4 but mark on  
 $\text{LiAlH}_4$   
*Apply list principle for extra reagents or catalysts.*  
*M5 only scores after correct M4*  
*Not  $\text{NaBH}_4$ , not Sn or Fe / HCl*  
*Allow (dil) acid after but not with  $\text{LiAlH}_4$*   
*Penalise conc acid.* 1
- M5 Ni or Pt or Pd  
 ether 1
- M6 Route **B**  $\text{NH}_3$





With acid loses M6 & M7

Apply list principle for extra reagents or catalysts.

1

M7

Excess  $\text{NH}_3$

Ignore conc, ignore high P, ignore solvent.

1

(ii) Route **A** disadv

Toxic / poisonous KCN or cyanide or CN<sup>-</sup> or HCN

$\text{LiAlH}_4$

Expensive

ignore

acidified

**OR** lower yield because 2

steps

Allow  $\text{H}_2$  flammable / explosive etc.

Not just dangerous.

Ignore time reasons.

1

Route **B** disadv  
likely

Further reaction / substitution

Allow impure product.

1

[20]

5. (a) (i) propan(e)-1,2,3-triol or 1,2,3- propan(e)triol

not propyl

ignore hyphen, commas

1

(ii) soaps

allow anionic surfactant

not cationic surfactant

not detergents, not shampoos

1

(b) (i) (bio)diesel

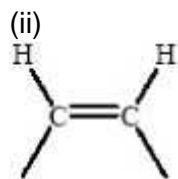
Allow fuel for diesel engines

not biofuel, not oils

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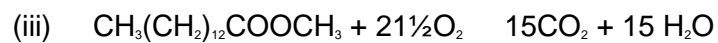
MEGA LECTURE

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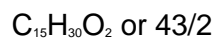


*ignore anything else attached except any more H atoms.* →

1



**OR**



*not allow equation doubled*

1

[5]



6. Sample in capillary / melting point tube

*Accept alternative as long as small container used*

1

Heat in melting point apparatus / heat gently / slowly near melting point

1

[2]

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